FUNKBOX DRUM MACHINE

USER MANUAL FOR IPHONE





Welcome to FunkBox!

FunkBox brings the look, sound and feel of a vintage drum machine to your iPad and iPhone. From the legendary king of hip hop and electro the Roland TR-808, to eighties rock and pop stalwart LinnDrum, all the way back to Sly Stone's favorite funky beatbox the Maestro Rhythm King, drum machines have played an integral and influential role in both popular and underground music.

FunkBox celebrates that legacy by packing this app full of all of those classic analog and digital beatbox sounds that you know and love, along with a retro interface designed to be fun, quirky, nostalgic and easy to use.

FunkBox is a universal app, so buy it once and it will work on your iPad, iPhone, and iPod Touch. We don't charge you twice for the same app. You bought it? Thank you! Install it on all your iOS gadgets so you can make beats anywhere.

We also made it easy to share the beats you create in FunkBox between your devices, with your friends, and with other apps. Check out the new Pattern and Box share features for this.

Want to use FunkBox in your studio? FunkBox was one of the first apps to support CoreMIDI, so yes, you can use it in a professional music studio with "pro" music gear. FunkBox is the real deal, check out our videos and you can see it being used in action alongside hardware synthesizers, drum machines, and grooveboxes in real studios making real music.

Have fun, drop some beats, and let us know what you think of FunkBox!



Thank you to those who helped make FunkBox possible:

Core MIDI and Core Audio code examples and tutorials:

Pete Goodliffe, Michael Tyson, Tim Bolstadt, Allen Porter, Aran Mulholland, Chris Adamson, Dave Dribin.

Audiobus library dream team:

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Source code for specific features:

Intua for audio copy/paste. Sam Soffes, aish, Gilles Vollant for unzip.

For kindly mentioning that they have used our app to make music:

Gorillaz, Joan Osborne, Glen Tilbrook, Africa HiTech, Tom Middleton, and all our other wonderful customers, famous or not.

Last but certainly not least, the designers and builders of the original funkboxes for inspiring this app:

Roland, Korg, Linn, Maestro, Elektron, Sequential, Alesis, Emu, Yamaha, and Oberheim.

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NEW FEATURES AND FIXES FOR v3.3

Open .zip files from Mail, Safari, etc with FunkBox MIDI routing setups are now saved Export bass sequences as MIDI file Added master volume MIDI CC (#8) Added MIDI CC offset option Added MIDI velocity in Option to hide FunkBox virtual MIDI ports Latest Audiobus library Other misc bug fixes and improvements

FEATURES FROM v3

Audiobus compatible iOS 6 compatible

Retina graphics support for iPad and iPhone 5

Five new classic vintage drum machines: DX, Drumulator, TOM,

KR55, and RX11

New pattern presets, including a bonus bank inspired by classic drum machine presets

Support for 3/4 time signature

New box and pattern storage menus

New improved custom drum box and sample management menu

Improved Audio/MIDI settings menu

Easily share your custom patterns and boxes through email

MIDI bass line sequencer

MIDI CC control of volume, pan, mute

OMAC fast switch support, to quickly switch between apps

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Preset patterns have been changed from v2!

To restore your old saved patterns, use the Pattern Storage menu and load the file SAVEDBANKS.

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CHAPTER 1: QUICK START



Figure 1: FunkBox for iPad main screen

The iPhone version of FunkBox is split up into five main parts, each with its own page, that you can navigate to with the use of the tabs on the bottom of the screen. Each tab contains a collection of functions that let you choose or change the beat in certain ways. Some tabs, like TAP (B), are easier to understand. Others, like EDIT (D) let you get deep into editing the drum patterns, but are a bit more complicated and can take some time to understand.

Don't feel like you have to understand and use every tab! You can have plenty of fun using just a couple of them to start with, and as you get more comfortable, move on to the more complicated stuff later.

Here's a short description of what each of the tabs do:



A: FUNK

The FUNK tab (A) is where you will start, and where you choose the basic beat that you will be playing by pressing the colored rectangular buttons. This is also where you start and stop the FunkBox, and where you can set how fast it plays.

QUICK START: Try pressing the different colored buttons on the bottom half of the screen (FUNK-1, FUNK-2, DISCO-3) and listen to the changes in the drum patterns when you do that. Then adjust the tempo slider, the slider on the top in the middle, to hear the beat go faster or slower. Press the Start/Stop button, the square button at the top left, to start and stop the beat.

B: TAP

The TAP tab (B) is where you can trigger the individual drum sounds, and play along with the beat, by tapping the buttons. This is a fun and easy tab to play with!

QUICK START: Just tap the buttons and make some noise.

C: MIX

The MIX tab (C) is where you set the volume of each of the individual parts of the drum beat. You can also mute individual parts, for example, to take away the hi-hats or snares for a measure, then bring them back in.

QUICK START: Try pressing all the mute buttons, they are the bottom row of buttons with red LEDs on top, so all the parts are silenced. The red LEDs should turn off as you do this. Now choose one part, for example SD (SNARE DRUM), and adjust the volume for that part by moving the slider above it. Now bring the other parts in one by one, by pressing their mute buttons again and un-muting them, and adjust their volumes too.



D: EDIT

The EDIT tab (D) is where you get down and deep into creating or modifying drum patterns. This one can be complicated if you haven't done this sort of thing before, so if you haven't played with a drum machine in the past don't get discouraged! Just keep at it until it starts making sense. Each row of square buttons represents a single drum instrument. Each column represents a step in time. So by flipping the squares off and on, you are deciding which parts will play at a particular moment in time.

QUICK START: Flip the "Chase Switch" and watch the eight red LEDs on the bottom of the screen, and the four SEQ buttons on the top, to get an idea of what's happening over time. Press and unpress the square tan buttons in the middle, and listen to what that does, to start programming some patterns!

E: BOX

The BOX tab (E) is where you pick which drum machine you want to use. FunkBox uses samples from a bunch of classic old school beatboxes, and a couple new school classics. As of v2.0 you can also customize these boxes, and even import your own samples. For now just check out the nine different preset drum machines we've included.

QUICK START: Swipe left and right on the picture of the drum machine to browse through different classic drum boxes and listen to how each one sounds. You can also tap the drum machine picture to bring up a menu with all the choices.

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CHAPTER 2: THE FUNK TAB



Figure 2: The FUNK tab

FUNK TAB DETAILS:

A: START/STOP BUTTON

Press this button to start and stop the drum machine. When the drum machine is playing, the LED should blink in time with the beat.

B: TEMPO/SWING ADJUST

Move the slider control to change the speed of the drum pattern to your desired tempo. The numerical value of the current tempo in beats per minute (BPM) will be shown in the LED display. The fine tempo control buttons can be used to nudge the tempo +/- 0.1 BPM. (continued)



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B: TEMPO/SWING ADJUST (continued)

The tempo will be saved with the pattern. You can also adjust the swing amount of the pattern here, by selecting the SWING button below the slider, and then adjusting the slider. Left (50) is a straight beat with no swing, as you move to the right the amount of swing will increase.

If you press the TAP button the tempo slider will be replaced with a TAP TEMPO button. Tap on that button a few times to set the tempo by feel rather than numerically.

C: PATTERN SELECTION BUTTONS

Press any of the twelve colored button to choose the specific beat pattern to play and edit. You can switch back and forth between patterns in real time as the beat plays. Changes you make in the Mixer, Edit, and Box tabs will be automatically saved to this pattern, as will tempo and swing values.

Just like a real vintage drum machine, you can press multiple pattern buttons at the same time. In regular queue mode (pattern queue switch is down), this will cause two patterns to play at the same time, much like you could do with older drum boxes by jamming a couple buttons together. The primary pattern (first button pressed) will play and set the tempo, the secondary pattern (last button pressed) will fill in if the primary pattern isn't playing anything. If the two patterns are set to use different drum boxes, it will allow both to play their own drum box sounds, so two different boxes at once, allowing you to get some more complex sound patterns going.

In pattern queue mode (pattern queue switch is up), pressing multiple buttons allows you to queue up multiple patterns to be played one after the other. Try this by pressing the FUNK-1 button and keeping it held down while you press the DISCO-3 button, then releasing them. FunkBox will play FUNK-1, then FUNK-2, then FUNK-3, through to DISCO-3, then start over again at FUNK-1. This allows you to get much longer pattern sequences running by chaining them together.



D: BANK SELECTION BUTTONS

FunkBox has three separate memory banks, and you choose them with these "A" "B" and "C" buttons. Each of those banks contains twelve patterns, represented by the colored preset buttons (C). So you have a total of 3 banks x 12 patterns, or 36 patterns loaded into memory at any time. As you switch between banks by pressing "A" "B" or "C", you will see the names of the pattern buttons change as well, for example from FUNK-1 to FUNK-3 to FUNK-5.

E: TEMPO LOCK AND PATTERN QUEUE SWITCHES

When the tempo lock switch is activated (up), the tempo and swing is kept constant even when you switch to other patterns using the (C) and (D) buttons. If it is not activated, when you switch to a new pattern the tempo/swing of the new pattern will be used, which can cause the tempo/swing to change abruptly.

When the pattern queue switch is activated (up), new patterns will not start playing until the currently playing pattern is finished. If it is not activated, FunkBox will immediately switch to the newly selected pattern. This switch also effects what happens when you press multiple pattern buttons at the same time, see section (C) for details.



F: PATTERN STORAGE AND COPY BEAT BUTTONS

The pattern storage button will bring up a new page that allows you to load and save your drum patterns. See the section of "Pattern Storage Load/Save" for more details.

The copy button allows you to copy a pattern from one slot to another slot. First select the pattern you wish to copy from by pressing its Pattern Selection Button (C). Then press the Copy Beat Button (F). The Copy Beat LED should now be flashing, indicating it is ready to copy a beat to a new location. Choose the destination pattern location by pressing a new Pattern Selection Button (C). Finally, press the Copy Beat Button (F) one more time. The beat pattern from the original slot you chose will then be copied from the original pattern to the new pattern, overwriting any existing data.

You can also copy an entire bank (12 presets total, A B or C) by holding the copy button down for a couple seconds. You will then be given a popup menu with the option to copy the bank.

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CHAPTER 3: THE TAP TAB



Figure 3: The FunkBox Tap tab

TAP CONTROL DETAILS:

A: TAP PART BUTTON

Tap a button for a specific part to trigger its sound. This allows you to play along in real time with the sequence, and add accents or fills.

B: ALTERNATE SOUNDS SWITCHES

Each box has twelve sounds to choose from, eight of which can be played at once. These switches allow you to switch between four of the default sounds (rim shot, low tom, high tom, crash cymbal) and their alternate sounds (clave, clap, cowbell, ride cymbal). If you'd rather use the 808's clap sound than its low tom, flip that switch!



C: ROLL BUTTON

When this button has been activated, pressing and holding down a tap part button (A) will cause that part to repeat with every sequence step. For instance, activating roll and then holding down the snare button will cause a snare roll to be played as long as the snare tap button is depressed. If this roll button has not been activated, pressing a tap button will cause one and only one drum hit to be played when it is pressed down, no matter how long it is held.

D: OVERDUB BUTTON

Activating this button allows you to use the tap buttons to overdub new drum parts on to the pattern. It will flash red when it is active, remember, any drum taps at this point will record and save new hits into the sequence! This option is nice if you prefer to create your beats by tap and feel rather than with a programming grid.



CHAPTER 4: THE MIX TAB

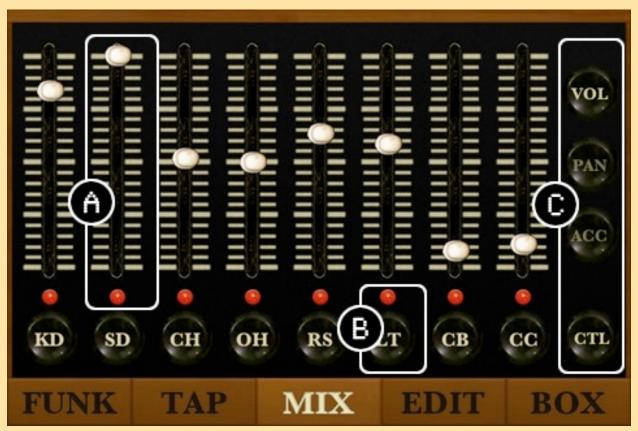


Figure 4: The FunkBox MIX tab

MIX TAB DETAILS:

A: MIX VOLUME/PAN/ACCENT SLIDER

By default, adjusting a slider (A) allows you to set the volume of a particular drum part, which allows you to create a mix of different drum parts with different volumes

These sliders can also be used to adjust stereo pan position of a part or the amount that accent affects that part. The Volume/Pan/Accent Selection Buttons (C) let you determine what the sliders are controlling.



B: MUTE PART BUTTON

Press the Mute Part Button (B) to silence all sounds from a particular drum part. You mute and unmute these parts in real time as the pattern plays to build up or vary the drum pattern and make it more interesting.

C: MASTER VOLUME SLIDE OR VOLUME / PAN / ACCENT BUTTONS

The bottom button in this group determines whether you display the master audio volume slide, or the slider selection buttons.

If the bottom button reads "MST", you should see the master audio slider. Move this to adjust the overall volume of the FunkBox app.

Press the bottom button and it should switch to "CTL", and the slider will be replaced by three buttons. These buttons are used to determine what function the sliders to the left will control: volume, pan position or accent. In Figure 4 you can see the sliders are controlling volume, since the Volume button is lit up and active.

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CHAPTER 5: EDIT TAB

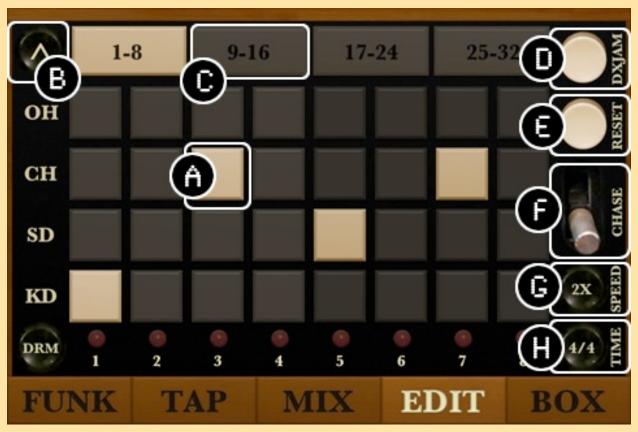


Figure 5: The FunkBox EDIT tab

EDIT PATTERN SCREEN DETAILS:

The edit pattern screen one of the more complicated parts of FunkBox. Once you "get" it, it makes it super easy to create new drum patterns. But if you've never used a drum machine before, or haven't used an x0x style drum programming grid, it might be a little intimidating. Don't sweat it! Just play around and sooner or later it will start making sense.



EDITING DRUM PATTERNS

The edit page displays the raw sequence data of your drum pattern. At any given time, you are only looking at a 4x8 portion of the sequence.

The full sequence is 8x32, representing eight different drum parts over thirty two ticks in time. You can choose which part of this larger sequence you are looking at with the Select Part Display Button (B) and the Select Sub-Sequence Display Tabs (C) as explained below.

Each row in the sequencer grid represents a particular drum part (KD - kick drum, SN - snare drum, CH - closed hat, OH - open hat). If you look at a particular row, and count the number of white squares, you can tell how many times it will make a sound. In the picture above, the Bass Drum will make a sound 2 times, the Snare Drum 2 times, the Closed Hat 5 times, and the Open Hat 1 time.

Each column in the sequencer grid represents a particular moment in time. The left column is the earliest time, the right column is the latest time. You can tell how many sounds will fire at a particular time by how many white squares are in a column. In the example above, at time 1 (first column), you will get two sounds (BD + CH). Time 2 (second column), there are no white squares, so no BD SD CH or OH sounds will be played. Time 3 (third column) has one sound, the Closed Hat.

Now, remember you are only seeing a 4x8 part of the overall 8x32 sequence. Pressing the Select Part Display Button (B) will let you see four different instruments, Rim Shot, High Tom, Low Tom, and Cymbal. Pressing one of the four Select Sub-Sequence Tabs (C) will let you see the other slices of time in the overall sequence. The LED in the Sub-Sequence Tab tells you which sub-sequence is currently playing. The highlighted (lighter colored rectangle) Sub-Sequence Tab shows you which sub-sequence is being displayed.



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If it still doesn't make sense, the easiest way to understand this is to start the drum machine running (Start/Stop Button on the Funk tab) if it isn't already, then move to the Edit tab, and turn the Sequencer Chase Mode Switch (F) to the up position. Watch the eight LEDs on the bottom of the screen fire off from left to right. Watch the active Sub-Sequence Tab (C) move from left to right. Press the Select Part Display Button (B) to go back and forth between the different instruments. And compare the sounds being made to the display on the sequencer.

A: DRUM HIT ON/OFF GRID, OR ACCENT SLIDERS

The most basic part of the sequencer, each of these buttons turns a drum hit off or on. The row determines the drum part (Kick Drum, Snare Drum, etc). The column determines the sequencer time. New for v2.0, if the Drum Hit / Accent button is toggled, the grid buttons will be replaced with a row of sliders representing the amount of accent for each step of the sequence. Accent corresponds to a little extra volume, the higher the slider the more volume. This allows you to create patterns that emphasize certains beats, for instance you can alternate louder hits and softer hits to help emphasize the swing of a pattern, or you could have just the first note in the pattern louder to emphasize where the loops starts, etc.

B: SELECT PART DISPLAY BUTTON

Press this button to toggle between displaying Bass Drum, Snare Drum, Closed Hi-Hat, and Open Hi-Hat parts, or alternately, display Rim Shot, High Tom, Low Tom, and Cymbal parts.



C: SELECT SUB-SEQUENCE DISPLAY TAB

Press these tabs to choose which sub-sequence of the overall sequence to display. The sequencer will play A -> B -> C -> D, and the LED will tell you which of these sub-sequences it is currently playing. The currently highlighted sub-sequence tells you which of the four sub-sequences is being displayed.

D: PATTERN NAME BUTTON

This button allows you to change the name of the pattern. This is the name is displayed under the colored button on the FUNK tab. It needs to be six characters or less, so choose a good short name.

E: RESET SEQUENCE BUTTON

This button will reset all the sub-sequences of their data. It is used when you don't like the current pattern and want to put something else there.

You are given a few options to fill the pattern with:

Choose "clear" to create a new empty drum pattern from scratch. You could do the equivalent by going through the pattern and turning off each Drum Hit (J) one by one.

Choose "revert" to reset the pattern back to how it was the last time it was saved. Useful if you change the pattern up and then realize those changes aren't quite as good as you thought they'd be.

Choose "preset" to reset the pattern back to its original preset pattern state, useful for that moment when you realize that those presets we put in there for you were, in fact, actually pretty dope and you shouldn't have messed them up.



F: SEQUENCER CHASE MODE ON/OFF SWITCH

When this switch is activated (up position), the current displayed subsequence will always match the currently playing sub-sequence. This allows you to view the overall drum pattern as it is played, by advancing through the sub-sequences one by one as the sequencer plays them.

G: REGULAR/DOUBLE SPEED SWITCH

Flipping this switch to the up position will cause the sequencer to advance through steps twice as fast. This can be useful for creating beats with very quick and intricate rolls or patterns. It can also be used to create patterns that go faster than the maximum FunkBox tempo of 180.

H: TIME SIGNATURE BUTTON

This button will toggle between 4/4 time and 3/4 time. Use this one to get your waltz on, son!

I: DRUM HIT DISPLAY / ACCENT DISPLAY TOGGLE BUTTON

The button in the lower left corner will toggle between displaying a 8x4 grid of drum notes (as shown above in Figure 5), or displaying 8 sliders representing the amount of accent per step in the pattern.

If you turned on the MIDI Bass Sequencing option in the Settings menu, this will also let you toggle between editing the drum parts and the MIDI bass notes that are sent to another app.

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CHAPTER 6: THE BOX TAB



Figure 6: The FunkBox BOX tab

BOX TAB DETAILS:

A: DRUM MACHINE SAMPLE SET SELECTION

This section allows you to choose which drum machine samples to use for this pattern. FunkBox includes a variety of vintage drum machines, each with their own quirks, as well as a couple new school drum machines for a different flavor. Swipe left or right to switch to a new machine, or tap the picture to bring up a menu of choices.



B: BOX LOCK

Activating this switch tells FunkBox to use the current drum machine even if you switch to a pattern that uses a different one. Liking what you're hearing? Lock it down!

C: EXPORT AUDIO/MIDI MENU

Pressing this button brings up the Export Menu, which allows you to export the drum beats you create in FunkBox as a .WAV or .MID file via email, audio pasteboard or iTunes.

D: AUDIO/MIDI SETTINGS MENU

Pressing this button brings up the Audio/MIDI Settings Menu, which allows you to configure various audio and MIDI settings such as audio latency, MIDI channel and routing, clock sync, etc. All the nerdy, advanced, next level stuff lives in this menu: abandon hope all ye who enter here!

E: HELP TAB

Pressing this button will take you to this PDF instruction manual for some help if you get lost.

F: ABOUT TAB

Pressing this button brings up some links to our web site, Twitter, Facebook, YouTube, videos page, support email, and some other apps that we like. Get in touch with the FunkBox machine!



CHAPTER 7: PATTERN STORAGE



Figure 7a: Pattern storage page



PATTERN BANK STORAGE DETAILS

The Pattern Bank Storage page allows you to save the patterns you created with FunkBox, or load new patterns into the banks. Your banks will also be saved in your FunkBox iTunes folder as *.BNK files, so you can share them with other people.

If you used a version of FunkBox prior to v3.0, your old saved patterns will be available under the name SAVEDBANK.

DUPLICATING A PATTERN SET

If you wish to duplicate one of your pattern sets, select it and press the NEW button. Next, you will be prompted to enter a filename for this new file. Once you have done so, you will be prompted to enter a filename for that bank.

This is done automatically when you select a preset bank. Since you can't modify a preset, it will prompt you for a filename for your version, and automatically copy the preset into it for you.

SHARING A PATTERN SET

Send the your current set of banks to someone else by selecting the pattern set you want to share and then pressing the SHARE button. It will be sent via email to a destination of your choosing, and if they have FunkBox, they can just click on the included .BNK file and it will automatically be copied to their Pattern Set Storage menu.

You can also use this to easily move patterns between your own devices by sending email to yourself. Write some dope beats on The Man's time on your iPhone, then move them to your iPad back home for further work in the studio later.



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EDIT

The Pattern Bank Storage page allows you to save the patterns you created with FunkBox, or load new patterns into the banks. Your banks will also be saved in your FunkBox iTunes folder as *.BNK files, so you can share them with other people.

If you used a version of FunkBox prior to v3.0, your old saved patterns will be available under the name SAVEDBANK.

DELETE

If you wish to duplicate one of your pattern sets, select it and press the NEW button. Next, you will be prompted to enter a filename for this new file. Once you have done so, you will be prompted to enter a filename for that bank.

This is done automatically when you select a preset bank. Since you can't modify a preset, it will prompt you for a filename for your version, and automatically copy the preset into it for you.

RENAME

Send the your current set of banks to someone else by selecting the pattern set you want to share and then pressing the SHARE button. It will be sent via email to a destination of your choosing, and if they have FunkBox, they can just click on the included .BNK file and it will automatically be copied to their Pattern Set Storage menu.

You can also use this to easily move patterns between your own devices by sending email to yourself. Write some dope beats on The Man's time on your iPhone, then move them to your iPad back home for further work in the studio later.



CHAPTER 8: AUDIO/MIDI SETTINGS

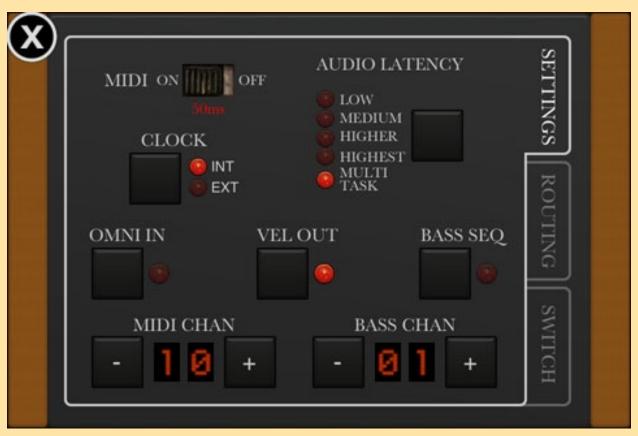


Figure 8: Audio/MIDI settings page

SETTINGS SCREEN DETAILS

AUDIO LATENCY SELECTION

This button allows you to set the amount of audio latency used by FunkBox. If you want to make the Tap menu work with super fast response time, you can manually set FunkBox to react quicker by choosing the lower latencies. If you are using multiple music apps at the same time, you want to keep it at "Multi-Task" which will use a latency that is friendly to all running apps.



MIDI ON/OFF SWITCH

This switch enables and disables the new CoreMIDI features of FunkBox. These features allow advanced users with pro music software and hardware to integrate FunkBox into their studio setup. They also allow you to interact with other iOS music apps.

FunkBox works with CoreMIDI using either the Camera Connection Kit and a USB MIDI interface (recommended) with external music devices, via virtual MIDI with other iOS apps (recommended), or over Wifi with Network MIDI (flaky). Please be advised that Network MIDI by nature can have issues related to latency and/or occasional hiccups, and may not be reliable enough for situations such as live sets/etc. We included it anyway so you can decide for yourself if it works "good enough", but speaking personally, we have never been very happy with its reliability or performance.

MIDI CLOCK TOGGLE

This toggles between FunkBox using its internal clock (default), or syncing to an external MIDI clock. If you have it set to sync to an external clock, FunkBox will require MIDI start/stop and clock messages to operate.

MIDI CHANNEL SELECTION

This allows you to set the MIDI channel that FunkBox transmits and receives drum notes on.

BASS MIDI CHANNEL SELECTION

This allows you to set the MIDI channel that FunkBox transmits and receives bass notes on. Note that this only works if you turn Bass Sequencing on, and configure your MIDI routing correctly!



OMNI IN

When OMNI ON is activated, FunkBox will listen to MIDI input on any MIDI channel rather than only on the "MIDI CHAN" value.

VEL OUT

When VEL OUT is activated, FunkBox will use accent values to set the velocity parameter of MIDI drum out notes.

BASS SEQ

When BASS SEQ is activated, you can use the bonus MIDI Bass Line sequencer. This feature allows you to program a bassline sequence to be associated with the drum pattern, which is then sent out via MIDI to another synth app or to an external MIDI synthesizer. For more info on this, see the MIDI BassLine Sequencer section.

MIDI ROUTING

The MIDI Routing tab of the settings menu allows you to configure what MIDI inputs and outputs FunkBox pays attention to. On the output side, you can set which apps/interfaces should be sent clock, note and/or bass note MIDI events from FunkBox. On the input side, you choose which apps/interface should be listened to for clock, note and control input MIDI events.

FAST APP SWITCH

The Fast App Switch tab lets you choose the iOS music app that you want to set a dedicated app switch button for. This button will be on the upper right hand side of the BOX tab. Pressing that button will take you from FunkBox to the app you have chosen.

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MIDI IMPLEMENTATION

NOTES

C1(36) - KICK D1(38) - SNARE F#1(42) - CLOSED HAT A#1(46) - OPEN HAT C#1(37), C#4(75) - RIM SHOT / CLAVE G1(43), D#1(39) - LOW TOM / CLAP C2(48), G#2(56) - HIGH TOM / COWBELL

C#2(49), D#2(51) - CRASH / RIDE

MIDI CC

0-7 : MIXER PART VOLUME

8 : MASTER VOLUME 16-23 : MIXER PART PAN

41 : START (127) 42 : STOP (127)

43 : PATTERN - (127) 44 : PATTERN + (127)

45 : OVERDUB TOGGLE (127) 48-55 : MIXER PART MUTE (127) 58, 59 : FAST APP SWITCH (127)

COMMANDS

G4(79) - PATTERN -G#4(80) - PATTERN + A4(81) - TAP TEMPO A#4(82) - START / STOP

PROGRAM CHANGE

0-35 DRUM PATTERNS



CHAPTER 9: EXPORT AUDIO/MIDI



Figure 9: Export audio/MIDI page

RECORD AUDIO BUTTON

Not shown in figure 9, but the RECORD button will be in the lower left of the black rack when the export menu comes up. When pressed, this will record an audio file of the currently selected FunkBox drum pattern. It will play the loop twice to properly save the start and end of the loop, then you will be prompted to name the recording. After that, the three audio buttons you see in Fig. 9 will pop up: use EMAIL Audio to send the .WAV via email, Audio CLIPBOARD to transfer the audio data to another app via Intua Clipboard, or ITUNES folder to save the file so it can be retrieved later through iTunes.



EMAIL AUDIO BUTTON

Use this option to attach and send the audio file you just recorded in an email.

AUDIO CLIPBOARD BUTTON

Use this option to copy the recorded audio to the iOS clipboard, where it can be pasted into other iOS music apps such as Intua's Beatmaker app.

ITUNES FOLDER BUTTON

Use this option to save the recorded audio in the Documents folder of your app, which allows you to access it later when your device is synced to iTunes.

EMAIL MIDI BUTTON

Press this button to send an email with an attached MIDI file containing the current drum pattern. This MIDI file can be read by GarageBand, Ableton Live, Reason, etc allowing you to easily transfer drum sequences to your DAW where you can use the patterns with your own drum samples and effects.



CHAPTER 12: DRUM BOX STORAGE



Figure 10: Drum Box selection/storage menu

We revamped the Drum Box menu for FunkBox v3.0 to make it more straightforward and easy to use. Choose your drum machine sounds for the current pattern by touching the Preset picture of the box you want to use. Note that there are multiple pages of machines, so you can also swipe right and left to see more options. Also note that some machines have more than one preset box available.

If you want to create, your own custom drum machines, we made that easier too. First choose a preset drum machine as a starting point, then press "NEW" to create a new custom machine.



Once you've pressed "NEW" you'll be prompted to enter a name for your new custom box, and a new icon will appear on the screen showing your box with a picture of custom sample PROM circuit board. To get to that circuit board and really start customizing things, press "EDIT" to get into edit mode, then "TWEAK" to bring up the Tweak Samples edit menu, which is described in Chapter 11.

Edit mode also lets you Rename or Delete your custom boxes.

When you're done with edit mode, press Done to get back to the normal mode where you select from among the drum boxes.

If you created a particularly dope custom drum machine that you want to share with your friends, you can send it to them through email by pressing SHARE. Note that this is in the normal box menu mode, you have to be out of the edit mode to do this. Also note that you can not share preset boxes, since anyone with FunkBox already has them.



CHAPTER 11: TWEAK SAMPLES PAGE



Figure 11: Tweak Samples circuit board menu

The Tweak Samples menu allows you to set and tweak the sample for each drum part.

INDIVIDUAL PART SELECTION

At the top left of the Tweak Samples page, you can see the name of the current sample ("808 Kick 1" in figure 11) and the drum part it is associated with ("KICK" in figure 11). You can move through the 12 parts associated with the box by pressing the > and < buttons to the left and right of the drum part (KICK) name. Pressing the sample name (808 Kick 1) will preview that sample sound).



EPROM SAMPLE COLLECTION

To the right is your collection of drum samples that you can use in your custom set. Pressing one of these will change the current sample for the current part to the new sample you have chosen. Try replacing the current ("808 Kick 1") sample with one of the 909 Kick instead ("909 Kick 2"). Now move from the (KICK) part to the (SNARE) part by pressing >, and choose a new snare sample by scrolling down in your sample collection until you see ("606 Snare") and pressing that.

There are a bunch of samples to sort through, which can mean a lot of scrolling! You can make it go faster by changing the sample collection filter, which presets to show (ALL) samples. Press > a couple times until you are only seeing (SNARE) samples. Much better!

If you keep pressing > you will come across a (USER) filter option. This lists all the samples in your iTunes Document Sharing folder, so if you have a bunch of custom samples you want to use with FunkBox, you will want to drag them into the FunkBox Documents folder there. This (USER) area also gives you the option to import a sample via Intua Audio Copy/Paste. If you have copied a sample to the clipboard via Beatmaker, Animoog, or another app then you will have the option here to paste it into the Documents folder and use it as a custom sample in your custom box.

FRONT / END / PITCH SETTINGS

The front and end slider let you set the start and end points of the current sample. This is useful if you want to make the sound shorter (move the END slider to the right) or cut off some of the start of the sound (move the FRONT slider to the left).

You can also change the pitch of the current sample by pressing the PITCH + and - buttons, which is a great way to create some unique sounds from the existing samples.



Figure 11b: Edit box page

DRUM MACHINE NAME

Choose a new name for your drum machine.

RANDOM VOLUME AND RANDOM TIMING SLIDERS

These sliders allow you to give the current box a little bit (or a lot!) of a random feel. Random volume will vary the volume of the various drum hits, and random timing will of course randomize their timing. If the timing of FunkBox is sounding way off and you can't figure out why, don't forget to check and see if you had set these to some crazy value...



CHAPTER 12: MIDI BASS SEQUENCER



Figure 12: MIDI Bassline sequencer editing

New for v3.0 we added a bonus MIDI Bass Sequencer page to FunkBox. This lets you add a custom monophonic bassline that will be sent out via MIDI to another app or an external keyboard. You can program one part to go with each of your drum patterns, so that when you switch drum patterns, the bassline also switches.

You first need to turn this option on in the SETTINGS menu on the BOX page. Turn on MIDI, then turn on BASS SEQ, then choose a MIDI destination in the MIDI routing tab.

When that's set up, you can get to the editor by pressing the DRM key on the EDIT tab, as shown above the grid will turn blue. That's your MIDI bassline sequence.

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These patterns are created in the same way that you edit drum parts, but instead of the grid triggering a kick or snare sound, it will trigger the MIDI note value shown to the left in Figure 12 (C D E F etc). Note that FunkBox is not producing the bassline sound itself, it is sending out MIDI notes to sequence another app or an external keyboard.

If you want to further configure the bass sequencer settings to change the notes that are sent, tap on those keys on the left (C D E F etc) and a MIDI bassline settings menu will come up.



Figure 12a: Bassline sequencer configuration

Press the appropriate piano key on the mini keyboard to select the base key scale you want to use for the bass sequencer.

(Continued)



Press MAJOR, MINOR, or PENTA to choose the type of key. So if you pressed the D piano key, and the MAJOR key, you'd end up with the D MAJOR scale in the edit grid

Press octave UP or DOWN to change the root octave that the key uses. So if you start sending MIDI notes to your synth and realize the sound that is playing is too high for a deep bassline, press DOWN and it will go an octave lower. Likewise, if it's playing too low, press UP and get it into the range you want it.



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